



**Board of Surveying
& Spatial Information**

Annual Report

**Board of Surveying & Spatial Information
2021-2022**



Published by

Board of Surveying and Spatial Information

346 Panorama Avenue
Bathurst NSW 2795

T: (02) 6332 8238

Mon-Fri: 9:00am-3:00pm

www.bossi.nsw.gov.au

Enquiries

Enquiries relating to this Annual Report may be addressed to the Board of Surveying and Spatial Information at bossi@customerservice.nsw.gov.au.

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Board of Surveying & Spatial Information

346 Panorama Avenue
Bathurst NSW 2795
Tel 02 6332 8238
bossi@customerservice.nsw.gov.au
www.bossi.nsw.gov.au

The Hon Victor Dominello
Minister for Customer Service
52 Martin Place
Sydney NSW 2000

Dear Minister

We are pleased to submit the Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (BOSSI) Annual Report for the year ending 30 June 2022 for your information and presentation to the Parliament of NSW.

The Annual Report outlines the performance of BOSSI within the context of our strategic priorities, key achievements, and regulatory obligations. The report has been prepared in accordance with the *Annual Reports (Statutory Bodies) Act 1984*, the *Government Sector Finance Act 2018* and the regulations under those Acts.

Yours sincerely

A blue ink signature of Narelle Underwood.

Narelle Underwood
Surveyor-General of NSW
President, BOSSI

A blue ink signature of Katie Wallace.

Katie Wallace
Board Member, BOSSI

27 October 2022

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Acknowledgement of Country

The Department of Customer Service acknowledges, respects and values Aboriginal peoples as the Traditional Custodians of the lands on which we live, walk and work. We pay our respects to Elders past, present and future. We recognise and remain committed to honouring Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples' unique culture and spiritual relationships, and continuing connection to their lands, waters and seas. We acknowledge their history here on these lands and their rich contribution to our society.

We also acknowledge our Aboriginal employees who are an integral part of our diverse workforce, and recognise the knowledge embedded forever in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander custodianship of Country and cultures.

1. President's Report

As President of the Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (BOSSI, the Board), I am pleased to present my report on the activities of the Board for the period 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022. BOSSI continues to deliver on its principal functions of protecting the public and maintaining confidence in the activities of the surveying profession in NSW.

The Board has continued to implement its strategic plan with significant progress made towards achieving these goals. I am particularly proud of the ongoing improvements made in the areas of engagement and communication. BOSSI has continued its increased presence at industry events, and we are working closely with professional membership bodies to ensure frequent and open communication with the profession.

This year, BOSSI began preparations for the implementation of Automatic Mutual Recognition (AMR) for registered surveyors in NSW. BOSSI has also begun the transition from the Government Licensing System (GLS) to the new Licence.NSW platform. Both these bodies of work reinforce the Board's commitment to improve efficiency, customer service and interaction with the public, reduce red-tape and provide for streamlined digital workflows and reporting outcomes.

The COVID-19 pandemic has continued to present challenges in several areas, but BOSSI has adapted well and can successfully conduct business via online, face to face and hybrid options in line with government requirements and health advice.

I take this opportunity to acknowledge and thank all the BOSSI committee members for their service to BOSSI and the surveying profession. They have continued to volunteer their time to help BOSSI achieve its goals and provide a great example of what can be achieved when the government and profession work together collaboratively to regulate a profession.

I would like to also take this opportunity to thank Thomas Grinter for taking on the role of acting Surveyor-General and President of BOSSI role between October 2021 and August 2022.

It is encouraging to see so many candidate surveyors working towards their certificates of competency and registration. This year we were able to hold the Kurri Kurri candidates workshop face to face and were pleased have 37 candidates and 4 mentoring surveyors in attendance. The number of candidate surveyors sitting exams remains high and pass rates are around 80 per cent.

A highlight of the year was the BOSSI awards and presentation ceremony held in April 2022 at the Castlereagh Boutique Hotel. A beautiful and fitting venue to celebrate newly registered surveyors and acknowledge the significant contribution that meritorious surveyors have made to the profession and the state of NSW.

Narelle Underwood
Surveyor-General of NSW
President, BOSSI

2. Board of Surveying and Spatial Information

2.1 Charter

The Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (BOSSI, the Board) is a statutory body constituted by the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002* (the Act). The Board's principal functions are:

- registration of surveyors
- investigation of surveyors' registration and licensing schemes in other States and Territories, and the provision of advice to the Minister in connection with the recognition of the qualifications and experience of surveyors registered or licensed under such schemes
- investigation of complaints against registered surveyors
- disciplinary action against registered surveyors
- investigation of matters referred to it by the Minister for advice or report in relation to surveying or any other aspect of the spatial information industry
- investigation of, and the provision of advice to the Minister with respect to, the practice to be followed in the conduct of surveys or in the collection, collation, and dissemination of any other kinds of spatial information
- provision of advice to the Minister on the maintenance of the integrity of the State cadastre
- provision of advice to the Minister with respect to any other matter in connection with the administration of the Act.

The Board can have other functions conferred or imposed on it by the Act or any other Act or law.

The principal legislation under which BOSSI operates is the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002* and the *Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2017*.

2.2 Strategic Plan

The BOSSI strategic plan defines BOSSI's purpose as 'protecting the integrity of the State Cadastre, public interest and fostering professional behaviour'. The complete strategic plan is available on the BOSSI website. Key aspects of the plan implemented or progressed during the reporting period are summarised below.

Protection of the State Cadastre and the Community

BOSSI ensures only suitably qualified professionals conduct land and mining surveys and maintains professional standards that surveyors are required to comply with. During the reporting period BOSSI:

- finalised 19 complaints against registered surveyors and 3 complaints against unregistered surveyors
- published investigation summaries on the website to educate surveyors, as a deterrent against unacceptable practices and for the protection of customers who wish to engage a surveyor
- continued to strengthen cross-agency cooperation and information sharing with NSW Fair Trading who investigate complaints against surveyors under consumer protection legislation.

Engagement and Communication with Customers

BOSSI maintains strong relationships with surveyors, professional and industry bodies, and tertiary students undertaking surveying qualifications. During the reporting period BOSSI:

- emailed three Communiques to registered and candidate surveyors explaining Board Determinations, registration renewal requirements and key dates. Communiques were published on the website and shared with professional associations for distribution to their membership
- members of the Board gave 8 presentations at various industry forums and continuing professional development events, providing attendees an opportunity to discuss issues directly with Board representatives
- held a presentation ceremony for newly registered surveyors and their families to celebrate the achievement of gaining competency and registration. Also recognised were retired registered surveyors who have served the surveying industry for 25 years or more.

Growth of the Profession to Meet Demand for Registered Surveyors

BOSSI is committed to encouraging new diverse entrants to the surveying industry and supporting candidate surveyors who are working towards their registration. During the reporting period BOSSI:

- registered 17 new surveyors through either competency assessment or mutual recognition processes, with a pipeline of 272 candidate surveyors working towards their registration
- collaborated with the Council of Reciprocating Surveyors Boards of Australia and New Zealand (CRSBANZ) to plan adoption of an automatic mutual recognition process
- conducted a training workshop for 37 candidate surveyors preparing to undertake examinations leading to registration as a surveyor in NSW, with four supervisors attending to support their candidates
- continued its contribution to diversity and inclusion initiatives for the profession including funding the undergraduate Surveyor-General's Scholarship for Women in Surveying.

Governance to Ensure the Integrity of the Surveying Profession

BOSSI is the authoritative point of contact for matters relating to surveying and spatial information in NSW. During the reporting period BOSSI:

- audited 1,015 registered surveyors for their compliance with the 2021/22 Continuing Professional Development (CPD) requirements, resulting in the removal of 29 non-compliant surveyors from the register

3. Management and Structure

Through the 2021/22 financial year BOSSI operated within DCS Spatial Services, a business unit within the Department of Customer Service and reported to the Minister for Customer Service.

BOSSI and the secretariat are funded by fees collected under the *Surveying & Spatial Information Regulation 2017*.

3.1 Board Members, Meetings and Attendance

Board members are appointed to the Board by the Minister in accordance with Section 27 of the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002*. Board members are appointed for a term of up to two years and a Board member may be nominated and appointed for consecutive terms.

The Board met formally on six occasions during the year. An honorarium is paid to each Board member for their attendance at Board meetings and other related committee work. However, Board members who hold Government positions do not receive an honorarium. Fees paid to Board members were in accordance with the 'Classification and Remuneration Framework for NSW Government Boards and Committees' issued by the Public Service Commission.

In addition to Board meetings, Board members participate on one or more of the Board's seven committees.

Current members as at 30 June 2022

Nominated under Section	Name	Relevant Qualifications	Current Term (original appointment)
27(2)a	Thomas Grinter (Acting President)	B Eng (Surv) (UoN) M Eng (UNSW)	Ex-officio Commencing 5/10/2021
27(2)b	David Job	B Surv (UNSW) Registered Land Surveyor	09/11/2021 – 9/11/2023 (09/11/2017)
27(2)c	Victoria Tester	BE (Surv & SIS) (Hons) (UNSW) Registered Land Surveyor	09/11/2021 – 9/11/2023 (09/11/2019)
27(2)c	Charles Fransen	B Surv (Hons) (UNSW) Registered Land Surveyor	7/06/2022 – 7/06/2024 (8/06/2020)
27(2)e	Roshni Sharma	B EnvScMgmt (Hons) MSc (Geos) MScTch (Spat Inf)	7/06/2022 – 7/06/2024 (7/06/2020)

27(2)e	Michael Lamont	BAppSc, GradDip Urb & Reg Planning Registered Land Surveyor	7/06/2022 – 7/06/2024 (8/06/2020)
27(2)g	Katie Wallace	BA (Psych) LLB GradDipLegPrac DipMgt	22/09/2021 – 22/09/2023 (23/09/2019)
27(2)h	Lloyd Pilgrim	B Surv (UoN) PhD (UoN)	10/11/2021 – 9/11/2023 (09/11/2017)
27(2)(d)	Nicholas Tucker	BE (Surv & SIS) (Hons) (UNSW) Registered Mine Surveyor	23/09/2021 - 23/09/2023
27(2)(f)	Anthony Margetts	B Eng Mining (UQLD)	23/09/2021 - 23/09/2023
27(2)(c)	Thomas Casey	B Surv (UNSW) Registered Land Surveyor	08/06/2022 – 07/06/2024
27(2)(e)	Brittany Dahl	BA Interdisciplinary Studies (Hons) (ANU)	08/06/2022 – 07/06/2024

Other members during 2021/22

Nominated under Section	Name	Relevant Qualifications	Current Term (original appointment)
27(2)a	Narelle Underwood (President)	BE (Surv & SIS) (Hons) (UNSW) Registered Land Surveyor	Ex-officio Ending 4/10/2021
27(2)c	Peter Baxter	B Surv (UNSW) Registered Land Surveyor	8/06/2020 – 7/06/2022 (8/06/2016)
27(2)e	Venessa O'Connell	B Surv (UoN) Registered Land Surveyor	8/06/2020 – 7/06/2022

Advisors and Observers

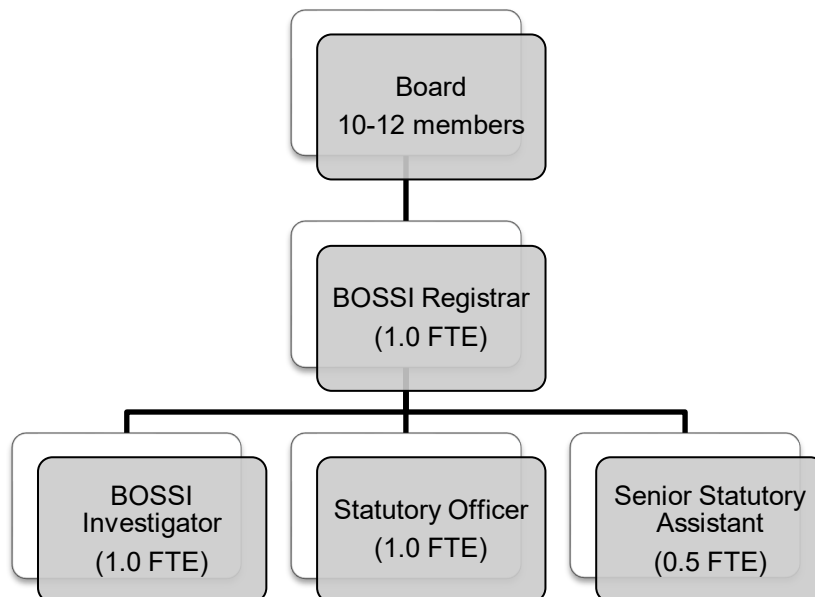
Role	Name	Relevant Qualifications	Term
Registrar	Shane Oates	N/A	Ex-officio Ending 25/03/2022
Registrar	Kate Wilkinson	N/A	Ex-officio Commencing 09/05/2022
Observer	Jeff Brown	B Surv (UNSW) Surveyor-General of the ACT Registered Land Surveyor	Ex-officio Ending 14/02/2022
Observer	Greg Ledwidge	B.A.Sc Surveying and Cartography (UC) B.A.Sc Surveying Technology/ Surveying Surveyor-General of the ACT Registered Land Surveyor	Ex-officio Commencing 15/02/2022
Young Surveyor Advisor	Gavin Watson	BEng (SSIS) UNSW Registered Land & Mining Surveyor	November 2019 – November 2022

Board Meetings and Attendance

Name	July 2021	Sep 2021	Dec 2021	Feb 2022	Apr 2022	May 2022	Total
Narelle Underwood	✓	✓	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2
Thomas Grinter	N/A	N/A	✓	✓	✓	✓	4
David Job	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6
Peter Baxter	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	6
Victoria Tester	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6
Charles Fransen	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6
Roshni Sharma	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6
Venessa O'Connell	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6
Michael Lamont	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	6
Katie Wallace	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	5
Lloyd Pilgrim	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	6
Nicholas Tucker	N/A	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	4
Anthony Margetts	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	3
Jeff Brown	✓	✓	✓	N/A	N/A	N/A	5
Greg Ledwidge	N/A	N/A	N/A	✓	✓	✓	3
Gavin Watson	✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	5
Shane Oates	✓	✓	✓	✓	N/A	N/A	4
Kate Wilkinson	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	✓	1

3.2 Board Secretariat

Section 28A of the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002* makes provision for persons to be employed in the Public Service to enable the Board to exercise its functions. BOSSI does not directly employ staff. All staff are employed by the Department of Customer Services, with the Department charging BOSSI for personnel services.



3.3 Board Committees

BOSSI has established committees to complete key tasks at the direction of the Board. These include the Continuing Professional Development Committee, Training Committee, Finance and Audit Committee, Spatial Information Committee, Professional Audit and Investigation Committee, Discipline Committee, and Land and Mining Committee.

Each Committee's terms of reference and membership can be found in the BOSSI Charter on the Board's website.

3.4 Board Examiners

BOSSI draws upon the services of registered surveyors to serve as examiners for Board examinations.

Daily sitting fees and travel expenses are paid by the Board to examiners assessing candidates. However, examiners who hold Government positions do not receive sitting fees or travel expenses. Payments made to examiners were in accordance with the 'Classification and Remuneration Framework for NSW Government Boards and Committees' issued by the Public Service Commission and Department of Premier and Cabinet Circular C2021-03 'Meal, Travelling and Other Allowances for 2021-2'.

4. Operations and Activities

4.1 Registration of Surveyors and Candidate Surveyors

Surveyor Registrations

On 30 June 2022 the register of surveyors contained the names of 1,015 registered surveyors who are considered competent by BOSSI to perform land and mining surveys in NSW. The total number of registrations included 17 new registrations achieved by either competency or mutual recognition.

During 2021/2022, BOSSI issued 9 letters of accreditation to interstate Boards. These reciprocal arrangements between BOSSI and other jurisdictions are in accordance with National Competition Policy (NCP) Principles, the *Mutual Recognition Act 1992* and the *Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act 1997*.

Performance indicator	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Registered surveyors in NSW	1,039	1,030	1,063	1,059	1,048	1,030	1,015
New registrations							
Certificate of competency	23	23	24	32	28	22	12
Letter of accreditation from reciprocating Boards	17	9	10	14	7	8	5
Removal of name from register							
Non-payment of annual registration fees	42	58	39	31	19	23	16
Non-compliance with Continuing Professional Development (CPD)	-	1	-	-	36 ¹	30	29
At own request	26	34	17	26	25	38	17
Deceased	4	2	4	3	3	-	2
Restoration of name to register	27	52	34	30	47	42	52
Letter of accreditation issued to reciprocating Boards	17	28	20	16	21	17	9
New candidate enrolments	75	56	72	60	49	59	49
Total financial candidates	232	228	260	251	256	276	272
Assessment of overseas qualifications	32	28	40	34	16	16	17
Assessment of Interstate qualifications	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Meritorious certificates awarded	19	22	14	24	18	27	32

Note 1 Increase in removal for non-compliance with CPD is correlated with the introduction of 100% audit.

Further statistical reporting and analysis can be found in the 'BOSSI Statistical Review 2021-2022' available on the BOSSI website.

Register of surveyors

BOSSI maintains a register of surveyors as required under Section 15 of the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002*. During the reporting period BOSSI began the transition from the Government Licensing System (GLS) to the new Licence.NSW platform. Both these bodies of work reinforce the Board's commitment to improve efficiency, customer service and interaction with the public, reduce red-tape and provide for streamlined digital workflows and reporting outcomes.

Qualifications

Registered surveyors in NSW must hold a recognised qualification.

BOSSI recognises various three and four-year degrees from universities throughout Australia and New Zealand. The list of relevant universities can be found on the Board's website. BOSSI facilitates a process of independent assessment to determine equivalency for unrecognised interstate or overseas qualifications.

During the 2021/22 financial year, BOSSI reviewed 17 overseas academic qualifications. BOSSI reviewed 1 request for the assessment of interstate qualification during 2021/22.

Candidate training

BOSSI conducts an annual training workshop to support candidate surveyors preparing to undertake examinations leading to registration as a surveyor in NSW.

The workshop was held on 27-28 May 2022 at Kurri Kurri TAFE with 37 land and mining candidate surveyors in attendance. In addition, four mentoring surveyors attended with their candidates.

Board members, industry representatives and candidate surveyors attending the workshop discussed the assessment process leading to registration. The workshop consisted of presentations from subject matter experts in relation to each examination topic and analysis of past examination projects.

In addition, the following training workshops were provided by professional organisations to help prepare candidate surveyors for BOSSI assessments:

- Institution of Surveyors NSW - land boundary surveys
- Association of Consulting Surveyors NSW - engineering design, town planning and strata/community title

The involvement of industry associations is part of BOSSI's strategy of involvement and cooperation with the profession.

Candidate Examinations

Candidate surveyors are required to complete five examinations to achieve a Certificate of Competency which is a precursor to becoming a registered surveyor. BOSSI met for 8 working days during 2021/22 for the purpose of assessing candidate surveyors at various stages on their pathway to competency. Each candidate was examined individually by two registered surveyors with subject matter expertise in the examination area. During 2021/22:

- 90 candidate land surveyors undertook 99 land examinations
- 3 candidate mining surveyors undertook 5 mining examinations.

The following 12 surveyors were issued with certificates of competency and subsequently registered as surveyors.

Name	Registration	Name	Registration
Mark Bolte	13 November 2021	Mitchell Pearce	15 October 2021
Reece Dunning	7 April 2022	Lakshman Samarawickrama Senanayake Eshwarage	8 November 2021
Justice Foli	27 March 2022	Timothy Sigley	4 April 2022
Joshua Frost	21 October 2021	John Sinclair	28 October 2021
Phillip Marriott	28 October 2021	Nathan Swards	17 March 2022
James McMahon	22 October 2021	Adrian White	26 November 2021

Meritorious Service Certificates

In accordance with Section 85 of the *Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2017* BOSSI issued certificates of meritorious service to the following persons upon their retirement in recognition of their contribution to the NSW surveying profession.

Name	Original Registration	Name	Original Registration
Donald Begg	13/03/1981	Robert Lightfoot	29/10/1979
David Bromhead	13/03/1987	Gregory Mann	13/03/1987
Jeffrey Brown	24/09/1982	Robert Martin	25/09/1964
Anthony Brunskill	12/09/1986	Richard McClenahan	23/03/1984
Paul Corry	25/06/1982	Ian Myers	29/09/1980
Paul Daly	19/03/1982	Graeme Paterson	21/03/1978
William Dunstall	25/09/1981	Martin Pundyk	13/09/1985
Robert Elgood	21/03/1975	Robert Richards	24/09/1982
Roger Farrington	26/09/1975	Stephen Thorne	19/03/1987
Stephen Feeney	23/09/1983	Anthony Tims	13/03/1981
Raymond Gilmour	14/03/1987	Peter Vandergraaf	23/03/1984
Ross Gleeson	01/10/1980	Graeme Wallis	14/09/1970
Michael Gordon	24/09/1982	Larry Ward	18/09/1992
Peter Guthrey	16/03/1988	Ronald Weatherby	29/09/1980
James Hook	13/09/1988	Carol Weekes	25/03/1994
Gerard Junek	22/03/1991	Douglas White	21/07/1981

4.2 Complaints, Investigations and Discipline

BOSSI has a primary responsibility for ensuring that any reported, suspected or known professional misconduct or professional incompetence involving registered surveyors is investigated fully and that timely and appropriate corrective and/or disciplinary action is taken where necessary.

Matters for which action may be taken against a registered surveyor include:

- professional incompetence
- professional misconduct.

BOSSI may also take prosecution action in the Local Court against persons who undertake a land or mining survey for fee or reward if they are not registered to do so.

If BOSSI determines that the disciplinary action to be taken as a result of an investigation is suspension or cancellation of registration, details of the investigation are published on the BOSSI website including the name of the surveyor.

For matters not involving suspension or cancellation of registration, the details of the cases are published for educational purposes with personal identifying details removed.

Details about prosecution action against unregistered persons, including their name, are published on the BOSSI website dependent upon any conditions set by the Court.

Information about BOSSI disciplinary action resulting in suspension or cancellation of registration of a surveyor, and prosecution action of an unregistered person is published for:

- educational purposes
- as a deterrent to other people and businesses not to engage in unacceptable behaviour
- for the protection of consumers who wish to engage a surveyor.

2021-22 Complaint Statistics

Complaints	
7	Carried over from previous periods
19	Formal complaints received during the reporting period
1	Withdrawn
22	Closed during the reporting period
4	Undergoing investigation

Of the 22 complaints closed during this period:

- 3 were against unregistered surveyors
- 19 were against registered surveyors
- 6 were closed due to insufficient evidence to support a PAIC investigation, including
 - 1 complaint referred to NSWPF for Criminal Investigation, not RLS actions
 - 1 complaint was withdrawn - conciliated
- 7 were deemed as 'not a valid complaint'
- 4 were not proven
- 5 were proven. These were referred to the Board and had disciplinary action invoked against the registered surveyors including fines of \$10 000, directed meetings with the Surveyor-General and two warning letters issued and recorded.

During the reporting period BOSSI also:

- carried over 8 informal complaints from previous year
- received 38 informal complaints
- A total of 46 informal complaints for the period were reviewed and actioned with:
 - 30 were for unregistered surveyors with:
 - (21 nominated and verified Registered Land Surveyors provided)
 - 4 for advertising services whilst unregistered
 - 10 were not valid complaints
 - 2 referred to other agencies and NSWPF
 - 6 warning letters sent were sent for matters relating to land surveys being performed by unregistered persons due to the offence occurring outside of the 6-month statutory limit for prosecution or a lack of sufficient evidence to prosecute by the Board.

4.3 Determinations and Publications

Clause 77 of the *Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2017* gives BOSSI the power to make formal determinations on specific matters. During the reporting period the following determination was reviewed, updated and approved by the Board:

- BOSSI Determination - Board Examinations

BOSSI also publishes policies, guidelines and information documents on its website.

4.4 Continuing Professional Development

Under Clause 82 of the *Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2017* compliance with BOSSI's Continuing Professional Development (CPD) Determination is a condition of registration as a surveyor. BOSSI has ratified the following five organisations for CPD purposes which includes the conduct and assessment of CPD activities and issue of CPD Summary Reports:

- Association of Consulting Surveyors NSW
- Australian Institute of Mine Surveyors Limited NSW Division
- Institution of Surveyors NSW
- Surveying and Spatial Sciences Institute (NSW)
- University of Newcastle.

In accordance with the Board's CPD Determination an audit was conducted on 100 percent of surveyors who renewed their registration and supplied evidence of CPD compliance at the time of renewal. During this process 1,015 registered surveyors were audited for their compliance with 2021/22 CPD year requirements. As a result of the audit:

- zero exemptions granted
- 7 conditional compliances issued
- 13 surveyors deemed not to have complied with the CPD Determination and were removed from the register of surveyors. An additional 16 were removed from the register for non-payment of fees.

4.5 Awards and Scholarships

The following prizes, awards and scholarships were granted during 2021/2.

- **NSW Surveyor-General's Women in Surveying Undergraduate Scholarship** \$5,000 for a full-time female student in the first year of a Bachelor of Surveying course at the University of Newcastle
 - Alyssa Taylor
- **Board of Surveying and Spatial Information Medals** - most successful students in the final year of tertiary study
 - Baedon Isbester, University of Newcastle
 - Dimitar Gliguroski, University of New South Wales
- **A Allen Consulting Surveyors Prize** - best result in strata and community titles assessments (sponsored by the Association of Consulting Surveyors NSW)
 - Saeid Tahriri
- **Augustus Alt Prize** - best result in engineering assessments (sponsored by the Association of Consulting Surveyors NSW)
 - Mohsen Rabbaniha
- **Barr Prize** - best result in rural cadastral surveying assessments (sponsored by the Institution of Surveyors NSW)
 - Joshua Frost
- **Clarence Smith Jeffries Mining Award** – best result in mining assessments (sponsored by the Australian Institute of Mine Surveyors Limited NSW Division)
 - Not awarded
- **Harvey Prize** - best result in town planning assessments (sponsored by the Association of Consulting Surveyors NSW)
 - Mohsen Rabbaniha
- **Neil Ryan Memorial Award** - best result in urban cadastral surveying assessments (sponsored by the Institution of Surveyors NSW)
 - Adrian White
- **Staff Surveyors Association Award** - most innovative, technically difficult or diverse project presented at the Board's assessments (sponsored by the Association of Public Authority Surveyors)
 - Not awarded
- **Surveyor-General's Prize** - best overall candidate surveyor who received their Certificate on Competency in the calendar year (sponsored by the Office of the Surveyor-General)
 - Joshua Frost

5. Financial Statements

5.1 Budget

BOSSI is primarily funded on the collection of fees as set in Schedule 7 of the *Surveying and Spatial Information Regulation 2017*.

Revenue	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	Budget 2022-23
Registration fees	\$482,964	\$490,723	\$509,757	\$518,188	\$527,225	\$512,765	\$462,250
Candidate enrolment and workshop fees	\$43,122	\$48,070	\$44,983	\$28,684	\$45,614	\$44,373	\$35,875
Examination fees	\$40,670	\$61,584	\$75,942	\$69,300	\$54,976	\$37,153	\$51,250
Investment revenue	\$15,512	\$19,076	\$16,033	\$7,471	\$1,695	\$1,702	\$2,000
Other revenue and contributions	\$46,869	\$37,381	\$29,808	\$38,066	\$50,026	\$21,718	\$15,250
Total	\$629,137	\$656,834	\$676,523	\$661,709	\$679,536	\$617,711	\$566,625

Expenditure	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	Budget 2022-23
Personnel services	\$309,201	\$306,306	\$324,545	\$410,626	\$329,556	\$372,846	\$463,074
Board member fees	\$39,020	\$42,630	\$44,180	\$39,540	\$32,039	\$27,870	\$35,875
Depreciation	\$3,483	\$5,119	\$3,968	\$3,007	\$1,916	\$61	\$500
Grants	-	-	\$4,545	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$6,000
Other expenditure	\$215,834	\$321,285	\$235,894	\$244,436	\$244,405	\$220,012	\$261,000
Total	\$567,538	\$675,340	\$613,132	\$702,609	\$612,916	\$625,789	\$766,449

Note 1 Budget as approved by the Board on 28 April 2022

Investment performance

BOSSI's investment performance for the reporting period is below. The Westpac investment, as part of the Treasury Banking System was the only source of interest revenue for the reporting period.

Category	Weighted portfolio composition	Revenue	Annual rate of return
Bank interest	100%	\$1,695	0.16%

5.2 Payment of Accounts

BOSSI has a statutory obligation to report on the prompt payment of accounts, including disclosure of payment performance as required by Treasury Circular 11/21 'Annual Reporting on Payment of Accounts'.

Quarters	TOTAL	Within due date	0 – 30 days overdue	30 - 60 days overdue	61 - 90 days overdue	90+ days overdue
All suppliers						
September	\$8,293	\$6,993	\$1,300	-	-	-
December	\$139,240	\$1,867	\$130,567	\$856	\$5,950	-
March	\$14,324	\$9,733	\$4,591	-	-	-
June	\$47,364	\$44,137	\$3,227	-	-	-
Small business suppliers						
September	-	-	-	-	-	-
December	\$6,236	-	\$286	\$5,950	-	-
March	\$3,216	-	\$3,216	-	-	-
June	\$3,813	\$971	\$2,842	-	-	-
Measure			September	December	March	June
All suppliers						
Number of accounts due for payment			9	17	16	18
Number of accounts paid on time			8	7	12	15
Actual percentage of accounts paid on time (based on number of accounts)			88.9%	41.2%	75%	83.3%
Dollar amount of accounts due for payment			\$8,293	\$139,240	\$14,324	\$47,364
Dollar amount of accounts paid on time			\$6,993	\$1,867	\$9,733	\$44,137
Actual percentage of accounts paid on time (based on \$)			84.3%	1.34%	67.95%	93.2%
Number of payments for interest on overdue accounts			-	-	-	-
Interest paid on overdue accounts			-	-	-	-

Note: Payment performance was impacted due to settlement negotiations, incorrectly rendered invoices, and invoices submitted prior to completion of work. BOSSI continues to work with suppliers and staff to reduce impacts and improve performance where possible

5.3 Independent Auditors Report



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Surveying and Spatial Information

To Members of the New South Wales Parliament

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (the Board), which comprise the Statement by the members of the Board, the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2022, the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2022, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows, for the year then ended, notes comprising a Statement of Significant Accounting Policies, and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the financial statements:

- have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the applicable financial reporting requirements of the *Government Sector Finance Act 2018* (GSF Act), the *Government Sector Finance Regulation 2018* (GSF Regulation) and the Treasurer's Directions
- present fairly the Board's financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of my report.

I am independent of the Board in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of public sector agencies
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

The Board's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The members of the Board are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the GSF Act, GSF Regulation and Treasurer's Directions. The members of the Board's responsibility also includes such internal control as the members of the Board determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the members of the Board are responsible for assessing the Board's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial statements.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

The scope of my audit does not include, nor provide assurance:

- that the Board carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.



Weini Liao
Director, Financial Audit Services

Delegate of the Auditor-General for New South Wales

20 October 2022
SYDNEY

5.4 Audited Financial Statements

OFFICIAL

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

STATEMENT BY MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

Pursuant to section 7.6(4) of the *Government Sector Finance Act 2018* ("the Act"), I state that these financial statements:

- a) have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and the applicable requirements of the Act, the Government Sector Finance Regulation 2018 and the Treasurer's directions, and
- b) present fairly the Board of Surveying and Spatial Information's financial position, financial performance and cash flows.



Katie Wallace
Board Member, BOSSI
Date: 19/10/2022



Narelle Underwood
Surveyor-General of NSW and President, BOSSI
Date: 19/10/2022

OFFICIAL

START OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Revenue			
Fees revenue	2(a)	616,009	655,760
Interest revenue	2(b)	1,702	1,695
Other revenue	2(c)	-	22,081
Total Revenue		617,711	679,536
Expenses excluding losses			
Personnel services	3(a)	372,846	329,556
Other operating expenses	3(b)	247,882	276,444
Depreciation	3(c)	61	1,916
Grants	3(d)	5,000	5,000
Total Expenses excluding losses		625,789	612,916
NET RESULT		(8,078)	66,620
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME / (LOSS)		(8,078)	66,620

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

START OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5(a)	817,674	818,167
Receivables	6	7,206	40,192
Total Current Assets		824,880	858,359
Non-Current assets			
Plant and equipment	7	-	61
Total Non-Current assets		-	61
TOTAL ASSETS		824,880	858,420
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	8	47,694	73,156
Total Current Liabilities		47,694	73,156
Non-Current Liabilities		-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		47,694	73,156
NET ASSETS		777,186	785,264
EQUITY			
Accumulated funds		777,186	785,264
TOTAL EQUITY		777,186	785,264

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2022

	Accumulated Funds \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2021	785,264	785,264
Net result for the year	(8,078)	(8,078)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(8,078)	(8,078)
Balance at 30 June 2022	777,186	777,186
Balance at 1 July 2020	718,644	718,644
Net result for the year	66,620	66,620
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	66,620	66,620
Balance at 30 June 2021	785,264	785,264

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts			
Receipts from customers		654,497	639,390
Interest received		1,702	1,695
GST refund		3,748	3,842
Total Receipts		659,947	644,927
Payments			
Payments to suppliers		(660,440)	(658,653)
Total Payments		(660,440)	(658,653)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	5(b)	(493)	(13,726)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-	-
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH		(493)	(13,726)
Opening cash and cash equivalents		818,167	831,893
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5(a)	817,674	818,167

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Reporting entity

The Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (the Board), is constituted under the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002* to provide for the registration of land and mining surveyors, to regulate the making of surveys and to advise the Government on Spatial Information. The Board is a not-for-profit entity and has no cash generating units.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022 were authorised for issue by the Board on the 19 October 2022.

The Board's registered office address is 346 Panorama Avenue, Bathurst, NSW.

Impact of Covid-19

There is no significant impact of COVID-19 on the Board except for less examinations undertaken in FY 2022 which resulted in lower fee (\$37k in FY 22 vs \$50k in FY 21). This reduction was however offset by equal decrease in hosting expenses. BOSSI also incurred less travel due to ongoing pandemic.

b. Basis of preparation

The Board's financial statements are general purpose financial statements, which have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with:

- applicable Australian Accounting Standards (which include Australian Accounting Interpretations); and
- the requirements of the *Government Sector Finance Act 2018* (GSF Act) and its Regulation and
- Treasurer's Directions issued under the GSF Act.

Financial statement items are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention except where specified otherwise.

Judgements, key assumptions and estimations managements has made are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

All amounts are rounded to the nearest dollar, unless otherwise stated and are expressed in Australian currency.

c. Statement of compliance

The Board's financial statements and notes comply with Australian Accounting Standards (AAS), which include Australian Accounting Interpretations.

d. Changes in accounting policies, including new and revised AAS

Issued but not yet effective

NSW public sector entities are not permitted to early adopt new Australian Accounting Standards, unless Treasury determines otherwise.

e. Accounting for the Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses, and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except for:

- the amount of GST incurred by the Board as a purchaser that is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office is recognised as part of the acquisition cost of an asset, or as part of an item of expense; and
- receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included.

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

e. Accounting for the Goods and Services Tax (GST) (continued)

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, is included as part of receivables or payables. Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. However, the GST component of cash flows arising from investing activities, are also classified as operating cash flows.

f. Equity

The category 'Accumulated Funds' includes all current and prior period retained funds.

g. Comparative information

Except where an Australian Accounting Standard permits or requires otherwise, comparative information is disclosed in respect of the previous period for all amounts reported in the financial statements.

2. REVENUE

Registration and other fees collected by the Board in accordance with the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002* are retained by the Board to fund their operations. The Board does not receive any funding by way of grants from the Department of Customer Services (DCS) or the NSW Treasury and its operating expenditure is mainly funded by revenue from registration and other fees.

	2022 \$	2021 \$
a. Fees revenue		
- Annual registration fees	512,765	527,225
- Candidate fees	44,373	45,614
- Examination fees	37,153	54,976
- Registration restoration fees	12,990	19,382
- Miscellaneous fees	8,728	8,563
	616,009	655,760
b. Interest revenue		
	2022 \$	2021 \$
	1,702	1,695
c. Other revenue		
	2022 \$	2021 \$
- Recovery of legal expenses	-	22,081
	-	22,081

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

2. REVENUE (continued)

Recognition and Measurement

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration or contribution received or receivable. Additional comments regarding the accounting policies of income are discussed below:

- (i) Member fees and subscriptions
Registration revenue is recognised once the registration renewal applications and fees are received and the receipt is issued. Invoices are not raised prior to the renewal date as registration renewal is optional and cannot be reliably measured until applications are received.
- (ii) Rendering of services
Revenue from rendering of services is recognised when the Board satisfies the performance obligation by transferring the promised services - workshops or trainings. The entity typically satisfies its performance obligations when workshops or trainings are completed.
- (iii) Interest revenue
Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset.

3. EXPENSES

	2022 \$	2021 \$
a. Personnel services		
- Salaries and wages (including recreation leave)	327,768	300,134
- Long service leave provision adjustment*	(11,461)	(22,494)
- Superannuation	33,848	30,607
- Payroll tax and fringe benefit tax	22,691	21,309
	372,846	329,556

* The factors that contributed to negative balance on long service leave expense are as follows:

- The discount rate used is much higher than last year (3.660% in current year versus 1.485% per cent in the last year) and has contributed to most of the decrease in the factors and resultant long service leave liabilities.
- The 2022 indices also reflect changing economic and demographic assumptions arising from the 2022 triennial review, including changes in expectation of salary growth rates.

Recognition and Measurement

The Board is an entity that does not directly employ staff. DCS employs staff on behalf of the Board within its personnel services division. As per the Service Level Agreement regarding Personnel Services, expenses relating to these employees are incurred by DCS and reimbursed by the Board on a monthly basis. The expenses include salaries, superannuation, leave entitlements, fringe benefit tax, payroll tax and worker's compensation insurance.

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

3. EXPENSES (continued)

	2022 \$	2021 \$
b. Other operating expenses		
- Audit fees (audit of financial statements)	15,250	15,510
- Board/committee member fees	27,870	32,039
- Legal Fees	-	18,842
- Other fees	59,636	59,003
- Catering and venue hire	23,361	17,492
- Bank charges	107	1,785
- Administration fee ¹	80,975	80,975
- DCS COM charge ²	30,778	40,000
- Maintenance ³	-	28
- Postage, telephone and courier	126	114
- Stores and stationery	1,126	1,508
- Advertising	76	-
- Sponsorships	-	500
- Computer expenses	735	852
- Travel and subsistence	7,842	7,796
	247,882	276,444

¹Administration fee expense is the Corporate support by DCS-Spatial Services for the Board of Surveying and Spatial Information which includes: Employee services, Financial services, Information and Communications Technology services, Accommodation, Transport and Enterprise Resource Planning.

²DCS Corporate Operating Model (COM) charge applied from 1 July 2017 and is the recovery of corporate costs which includes any support services provided by DCS.

³All maintenance expenses are incurred by the Board. There are no personnel services related maintenance expenses

Recognition and Measurement

Insurance

The Board's insurance activities are conducted through the NSW Treasury Managed Fund Scheme of self insurance for Government agencies. The expense (premium) is determined by the Fund manager, based on past claim experience.

Maintenance

Day-to-day servicing costs or maintenance are charged as expenses as incurred, except where they relate to the replacement of a part or component of an asset, in which case the costs are capitalised and depreciated.

c. Depreciation

	2022 \$	2021 \$
- EDP equipment	61	1,916
	61	1,916

Refer to Note 7 for Recognition and Measurement policies

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

3. EXPENSES (continued)

d. Grants

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Grants	5,000	5,000
	5,000	5,000

2022 and 2021: University of Newcastle Women in Surveying sponsorship grant.
Awarded when there is an applicant of sufficient merit.

4. Related Party Disclosures

The Board's key management personnel compensation are as follows;

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Short-term employee benefits	27,870	27,060
Post-employment benefits	2,787	3,158
	30,657	30,218

During the year, the Board has not entered into any arm's length terms and conditions with key management personnel, their close family members and controlled or jointly controlled entities thereof.

Other Related Party Transactions

During the year, the Board has entered into transactions with other entities that are controlled by NSW Government. These transactions in aggregate are a significant portion of the Board's operating expenses. Please refer below for details of these transactions.

	2022		2021	
Agency/Nature of Transaction	Transaction Value	Net Payable/ (Net Receivable)	Transaction Value	Net Payable/ (Net Receivable)
	\$	\$	\$	\$
DCS				
Personnel services	372,846	(4,996) *	329,556	56,407
Administration fee	80,975	-	80,975	-
Corporate costs	30,778	-	40,000	-

* credit relates to LSL PV movement based on 30 June 2022 bond rate of 3.660%

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

a. Cash and cash equivalents

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash at bank and on hand	817,674	818,167
	817,674	818,167

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and cash on hand.

Cash and cash equivalent assets recognised in the statement of financial position are reconciled at the end of the financial year to the statement of cash flows as follows:

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash and cash equivalents (per statement of financial position)	817,674	818,167
Closing cash and cash equivalents (per statement of cash flows)	817,674	818,167

Refer to Note 11 for details regarding credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk arising from financial instruments.

b. Reconciliation of Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities to Net Result

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Net cash flows from operating activities	(493)	(13,726)
Depreciation	(61)	(1,916)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other receivables	(32,986)	39,878
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other payables	25,462	42,384
Net result	8,078	66,620

6. RECEIVABLES

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Sundry Receivable	-	38,488
GST receivable	2,210	1,704
Personnel Services	4,996	-
	7,206	40,192

* credit relates to LSL PV movement based on 30 June 2022 bond rate of 3.660%

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

6. RECEIVABLES (*continued*)

Recognition and Measurement

All 'regular way' purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. Receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price.

Subsequent measurement

The Board holds receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Changes are recognised in the net result for the year when impaired, derecognised or through the amortisation process.

Impairment

The Board recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt financial assets not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows and the cash flows that the Board expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. For trade receivables, the Board applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. The Board recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

7. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Plant and Equipment \$	EDP Equipment \$	Total \$
At 1 July 2021 – fair value			
Gross carrying amount	8,181	19,300	27,481
Accumulated depreciation	(8,181)	(19,239)	(27,420)
Net carrying amount	-	61	61
At 30 June 2022 – fair value			
Gross carrying amount	8,181	19,300	27,481
Accumulated depreciation	(8,181)	(19,300)	(27,481)
Net carrying amount	-	-	-

Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the carrying amounts of each class of plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current reporting period is set out below:

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

7. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (*continued*)

	Plant and Equipment \$	EDP Equipment \$	Total \$
Year ended 30 June 2022			
Net carrying amount at start of year	-	61	61
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	-	(61)	(61)
Net carrying amount at end of year		-	-

	Plant and Equipment \$	EDP Equipment \$	Total \$
At 1 July 2020 – fair value			
Gross carrying amount	8,181	19,300	27,481
Accumulated depreciation	(8,181)	(17,323)	(25,504)
Net carrying amount	-	1,977	1,977

At 30 June 2021 – fair value			
Gross carrying amount	8,181	19,300	27,481
Accumulated depreciation	(8,181)	(19,239)	(27,420)
Net carrying amount	-	61	61

Reconciliation

A reconciliation of the carrying amounts of each class of plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the previous reporting period is set out below:

	Plant and Equipment \$	EDP Equipment \$	Total \$
Year ended 30 June 2021			
Net carrying amount at start of year	-	1,977	1,977
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	-	(1,916)	(1,916)
Net carrying amount at end of year	-	61	61

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

7. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (*continued*)

Fair value measurement

The Board's plant and equipment are measured at depreciated historical cost as an approximation of fair value.

Recognition and Measurement

Acquisition of assets

Assets acquired are initially recognised at cost. Cost is the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of other consideration given to acquire the asset at the time of its acquisition, or where applicable, the amount attributed to that asset when initially recognised in accordance with the requirements of other Australian Accounting Standards.

Assets acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration, are initially recognised at their fair value at the date of acquisition. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at measurement date.

Revaluation of plant and equipment

Physical non-current assets are valued in accordance with the 'Valuation of Physical Non-Current Assets at Fair Value' Policy and Guidelines Paper (TD 21-05). This policy adopts fair value in accordance with AASB 13 *Fair Value Measurement* and AASB 116 *Property, Plant and Equipment*. Fair value of plant and equipment is based on a market participants' perspective, using valuation techniques (market approach, cost approach, income approach) that maximise relevant observable inputs and minimise unobservable inputs. Non-specialised assets with short useful lives are measured at depreciated historical cost as an approximation of fair value. PPE is measured at depreciated historical cost in the Board.

Capitalisation thresholds

Plant and equipment individually costing \$5,000 and above are capitalised. Individual items of computer equipment costing are capitalised when they form part of a network.

Impairment of plant and equipment

As a not-for-profit entity with no cash generating units, impairment under AASB 136 Impairment of Assets is unlikely to arise. As plant and equipment is carried at fair value or an amount that approximates fair value, impairment can only arise in the rare circumstances such as where the costs of disposal are material.

Specifically, impairment is unlikely given that AASB 136 modifies the recoverable amount test for non-cash generating units of not-for-profit entities to the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and depreciated replacement cost, where depreciated replacement cost is also fair value.

Depreciation is provided for on a straight line basis against all depreciable assets, so as to write off the depreciable amount of each asset, as it is consumed over its useful life to the Board.

Depreciation rates:

Plant and equipment	20%
Electronic Data Processing (EDP) equipment	25%

8. PAYABLES

	2022 \$	2021 \$
- Accrued expenses	15,478	16,749
- Personnel services	-	56,407
- Other creditors	32,216	-
	47,694	73,156

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

8. PAYABLES (*continued*)

Details regarding credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, including a maturity analysis of the above payables are disclosed in Note 11.

Recognition and Measurement

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Board and other amounts. Short term payables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount where the effect of discounting is immaterial. Payables are financial liabilities at amortised cost, initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable transaction costs. These are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

9. COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE

a. *Capital commitments*

As at 30 June 2022, there were no capital commitments (2021 - nil).

b. *Operating lease commitments*

As at 30 June 2022, there were no operating lease commitments (2021 - nil).

c. *Finance lease commitments*

As at 30 June 2022, there were no finance lease commitments (2021 - nil).

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

As at 30 June 2022, there were no contingent assets or contingent liabilities (2021 - nil).

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Board's principal financial instruments are outlined below. These financial statements arise directly from the Board's operations or are required to finance the Board's operations. The Board does not enter into or trade financial instruments for speculative purposes.

The Board's main risks arising from financial instruments are outlined below, together with the Board's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk. Further quantitative and qualitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Board has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of risk management and reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks. Risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Board, to set risk limits and controls and to monitor risks.

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *(continued)*

a. Financial instrument categories

(i) as at 30 June 2022

Class:	Note	Category	2022 \$ Carrying amount
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5(a)	Not applicable	817,674
Receivables ¹	6	Amortised cost	4,996
Financial liabilities			
Payables ²	8	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	47,694

Notes:

1. Excludes statutory receivables and prepayments (ie. not within scope of AASB 7)
2. Excludes statutory payables and prepaid enrolment fees (ie. not within scope of AASB 7).

(ii) as at 30 June 2021

Class:	Note	Category	2021 \$ Carrying amount
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5(a)	Not applicable	818,167
Receivables	6	Loans and receivables (at amortised cost)	38,488
Financial liabilities			
Payables ²	8	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	73,156

The Board determines the classification of its financial assets and liabilities after initial recognition and, when allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this at each financial year end.

b. De-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire; or if the Board transfers its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:

- the Board has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- the Board has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control.

When the Board has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. Where the Board has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards or transferred control, the asset continues to be recognised to the extent of the Board's continuing involvement in the

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (*continued*)

b. De-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities (*continued*)

asset. In that case, the Board also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Board has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Board could be required to repay.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the net result.

c. Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

d. Credit risk

Credit risk arises when there is the possibility that the counterparty will default on their contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the Board. The maximum exposure to credit risk is generally represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets.

Credit risk arises from the financial assets of the Board, including cash and receivables. No collateral is held by the Board. The Board has not granted any financial guarantees. Credit risk associated with the Board's financial assets, other than receivables, is managed through the selection of counterparties and establishment of minimum credit rating standards.

Cash and cash equivalent

Cash comprises cash at bank and cash on hand and is considered to be at fair value.

Accounting policy for impairment of trade debtors and other financial assets **Receivables - trade debtors**

Receivables comprise GST receivables and trade debtors. No collateral is held by the Board. The Board has not granted any financial guarantees.

Collectability of trade debtors is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Procedures as established in the Treasurer's Directions are followed to recover outstanding amounts, including letters of demand.

The Board applies the AASB 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade debtors.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected loss rates are based on historical observed loss rates.

The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Board has identified the GDP and the unemployment rate to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors. Trade debtors are written off when there is no reasonable

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

d. Credit risk (continued)

expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others a failure to make contractual payments for a period of greater than Board determined days past due.

The Board has assessed that the loss allowance for trade debtors as at 30 June 2022 and 1 July 2021 was nil.

e. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Board will be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due. The Board continuously manages risk through monitoring future cash flows and maturities planning to ensure adequate holding of high quality liquid assets. The objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of loans and other advances.

During the current and prior years, there were no defaults of loans payable. No assets have been pledged as collateral. The Board's exposure to liquidity risk is deemed insignificant based on prior periods' data and current assessment of risk.

The liabilities are recognised for amounts due to be paid in the future for goods or services received, whether or not invoiced. Amounts owing to suppliers (which are unsecured) are settled in accordance with the policy set out in Treasurer's Direction NSW TC 11/12. For small business suppliers, where terms are not specified, payment is not made later than 30 days from date of receipt of a correctly rendered invoice. For other suppliers, if trade terms are not specified, payment is made no later than the end of the month following the month in which an invoice or a statement is received. For small business suppliers, where payment is not made within the specified time period, simple interest must be paid automatically unless an existing contract specifies otherwise. For payments to other suppliers, the Board may automatically pay the supplier simple interest.

The following table summarises the maturity profile of the Board's financial liabilities, together with the interest rate exposure.

			Interest Rate Exposure			Maturity Dates		
	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate %	Nominal Amount \$	Fixed Interest Rate %	Variable interest Rate %	Non-Interest Bearing %	< 1 Year \$	1 – 5 Years \$	> 5 Years \$
2022								
Payables	-	47,694	-	-	-	47,694	-	-
Total financial liabilities 2022	-	47,694	-	-	-	47,694	-	-
2021								
Payables	-	73,156	-	-	-	73,156	-	-
Total financial liabilities 2021	-	73,156	-	-	-	73,156	-	-

Notes:

- The amounts disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows of each class of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the entity can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

BOARD OF SURVEYING AND SPATIAL INFORMATION**Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022****11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS *(continued)******f. Market risk***

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The Board has no exposure to foreign currency risk and does not enter into commodity contracts.

g. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily through cash facilities, The Board has no direct equity instrument.

h. Fair value compared to carrying amount

Financial instruments are generally recognised at cost. The amortised cost of financial instruments recognised in the Statement of Financial Position approximates the fair value because of the short-term nature of the financial instruments.

12. AFTER BALANCE DATE EVENTS

There are no after balance date events.

END OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. Statutory Reporting

Legal Change

No legal changes were proposed or undertaken by BOSSI during the reporting period.

Economic or other factors

The impact of Covid-19 on the Board's operations during the reporting period was minimal. An easing in infection rates enabled key face-to-face events to be held including candidate examinations, training workshop and presentation ceremony. Increased use of digitised records and Microsoft Teams enabled the Board and Secretariate to work remotely with no disruption in service to customers.

Workplace Profile

BOSSI does not directly employ staff. All staff are employed by the Department of Customer Service (DCS), with the Department charging BOSSI for personnel services. Personnel policies are based on those used by DCS. Details of human resources policies and practice for the 2021/22 financial year are included in the DCS Annual Report.

There were 4 staff (3.5 FTE) employed to work for BOSSI as at 30 June 2022. The Registrar role was upgraded from a Clerk 7/8 to a Clerk 9/10 grade in May 2022. This was the only significant change in wages, salaries or allowances for BOSSI staff during the reporting period.

	2017-18 ^{1,2}	2018-19 ^{1,2}	2019-20 ¹	2020-21 ¹	2021-22 ¹
<i>Senior Executive</i>	0	0	0	0	0
<i>Ongoing</i>	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.5	3.5
<i>Temporary</i>	0	0	1	0	0
<i>Total</i>	3.1	3.1	4.1	3.5	3.5

Note 1 Full time equivalent (FTE) staff (excludes statutory appointments, Board members or committee members).

Note 2 Staff were employed by the Department of Finance Services and Innovation prior to the establishment of the Department of Customer Service on 1 July 2020.

<i>Personnel services</i>	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
<i>Salaries and wages</i>	\$350,652	\$277,640	\$316,307
<i>Long service leave</i>	-	-	-
<i>Superannuation</i>	\$31,958	\$30,607	\$33,848
<i>Workers compensation insurance</i>	-	-	-
<i>Payroll tax and fringe benefit tax</i>	\$28,016	\$21,309	\$22,691
<i>Total</i>	\$410,626	\$329,556	\$372,846

Note: These are employee costs only and do not include Board member remuneration.

Workforce Diversity

Information on workforce diversity achievements and key workforce diversity strategies for next year are reported in the 2021/22 DCS Annual Report.

Workforce Diversity Group	Benchmark	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21¹	2021-22¹
<i>Women</i> ²	50%	75%	60%	75%	75%
<i>Aboriginal People and Torres Strait Islander</i> ³	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<i>People whose first language was not English</i> ⁴	23.2%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<i>People with a Disability</i> ⁵	5.6%	0%	0%	0%	0%
<i>People with a Disability Requiring Work-Related Adjustment</i> ⁵	n/a	25%	20%	25%	25%

Note 1 In 2021/22 there were 3.5 staff employed by DCS to work within the BOSSI secretariat.

Note 2 The benchmark of 50% for representation of women across the sector is intended to reflect the gender composition of the NSW community.

Note 3 The NSW Public Sector Aboriginal Employment Strategy 2019 – 25 introduced an aspirational target of 3% by 2025 for each of the sector's salary bands.

Note 4 A benchmark from the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) Census of Population and Housing has been included for People whose First Language Spoken as a Child was not English. The ABS Census does not provide information about first language but does provide information about country of birth. The benchmark of 23.2% is the percentage of the NSW general population born in a country where English is not the predominant language.

Note 5: In December 2017, the NSW Government announced the target of doubling the representation of people with disability in the NSW public sector from an estimated 2.7% to 5.6% by 2025. More information can be found at: Jobs for People with Disability: A plan for the NSW public sector. The benchmark for 'People with Disability Requiring Work-Related Adjustment' was not updated.

Disability Inclusion Action Plan

DCS published a 2020/25 DIAP in October 2020. The DIAP outlines DCS's commitment to improving accessibility and inclusion for customers, people and suppliers with disability.

BOSSI's commitments for disability inclusion in 2021/22 included:

- workplace assessment and adjustments to support staff and members with a disability
- assistance from external providers to prepare and coordinate return to work plans for staff with work related injuries and/or temporary disabilities
- provision of ergonomic furniture and equipment for all staff, including those requiring workplace adjustment
- accessible washrooms
- easy access to the main offices of DCS where the Board utilises various workplace facilities through agreement.

Multicultural Policies and Service Program

BOSSI supports and participates in DCS initiatives, policies and programs that are committed to multiculturalism. BOSSI assists overseas qualified surveyors seeking registration in Australia to determine the equivalency of their qualifications by utilising the Bureau for Assessment of Overseas Qualifications through the Council of Reciprocating Surveyors Boards of Australia and New Zealand (CRSBANZ). BOSSI reviewed 17 overseas academic qualifications during the reporting year.

BOSSI did not enter into any agreements with Multicultural NSW under the *Multicultural NSW Act 2000* during the reporting period. Information on DCS multicultural policies and service programs is in the 2021/22 DCS Annual Report.

Consultants

BOSSI did not engage any consultants during the reporting year.

BOSSI has developed and entered into a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with DCS to assist it to carry out its functions regarding financial obligations, ICT (hardware, software and support), employment of staff, supply of office facilities and general support.

Work Health and Safety (WHS)

BOSSI is committed to providing a healthy and safe workplace for all employees and workplace visitors, including contractors, agency staff and customers. BOSSI complied with all DCS WHS policies and all staff were made aware of the available initiatives relating to best practice in the workplace. No workers compensation claims or prosecutions were made in relation to BOSSI during the reporting period. Please refer to the DCS 2021/22 Annual Report for further information.

Consumer response

No official complaints in relation to BOSSI operations were received during the reporting period. BOSSI manages all complaints in line with the DCS Complaints Handling Policy.

Feedback was received during the year on several matters including decisions made by BOSSI, regulatory requirements and conditions of registration. All feedback was reviewed by BOSSI and taken into consideration as part of our continual improvement objectives.

Research and development

No formal research was commissioned or completed by BOSSI during the reporting period.

Public Interest Disclosures

No BOSSI officials made public interest disclosures during the reporting period.

As staff are employees of DCS, BOSSI has adopted and adheres to the Department's *Fraud and Corruption Control Policy* and *Report Wrongdoing and Public Interest Disclosures (PID) Policy*. All staff are advised of this policy through the *Code of Ethics and Conduct* and information on the Department's Intranet.

Funds granted to non-government community organisations

BOSSI did not provide any funds to non-government community organisations in the reporting year.

Land disposal

BOSSI did not own or dispose of any land during the reporting year.

Promotion

No overseas travel was funded for BOSSI staff members during the reporting period.

Disclosure of controlled entities and subsidiaries

BOSSI receives personnel services from DCS. The Department is not a Special Purpose Service Entity and does not control BOSSI under this arrangement. BOSSI does not control any entities and does not hold shares in any public-sector subsidiary.

Privacy and Personal Information Protection (PPIP) Act 1998

BOSSI follows the DCS Privacy Management Plan, which complies with the *Privacy and Personal Information Protection (PPIP) Act 1998*. BOSSI received no formal access applications or informal enquiries by individuals requesting their personal information under the PPIP Act. No reviews were conducted under part 5 of the PPIP Act.

Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009

The *Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009* makes government information more open and available to the general public. BOSSI is regarded as part of DCS for the purposes of this Act and applications made under this Act involving BOSSI are centrally coordinated within DCS.

The 2021/22 DCS Annual Report contains information about access applications received. There were no applications received under GIPA during the reporting period.

Risk management and insurance activities

BOSSI has adopted and implemented the DCS Risk and Resilience Framework. The BOSSI risk register is a standing agenda item for discussion at each Board meeting.

BOSSI's insurance activities are conducted through the NSW Treasury Managed Fund Scheme of self-insurance for Government agencies. Insurable risk lines covered are property, liability, motor vehicle, workers' compensation, travel and personal accident.

BOSSI maintains and updates an asset register on an annual basis.

Authority for making decisions rests with the Board unless specifically delegated to a committee, the Surveyor-General or the Registrar, as outlined in the BOSSI delegations. Recommendations and decisions are recorded in the minutes of each Board meeting. Independent legal advice is sought as required.

BOSSI has a Finance and Audit Committee. The committee responsibilities are;

- Monitor and report Board revenue and expenditure
- Determine Board and Committees budget requirements
- Recommend future revenue sources, expenditure efficiencies and savings
- Liaise with NSW Audit Office staff and assist in the annual audit of the Board's accounts
- Monitor and report on (financial) Risk Register issues
- Assist with internal and external Board administrative systems audits.

Internal audit and risk management policy attestation

BOSSI has an exemption from compliance with NSW Treasury Internal Audit and Risk Management Policy TPP15-03.

BOSSI has internal risk management processes in place. These processes provide a level of assurance that enables the Board to understand, manage and satisfactorily control risk exposures.

Cyber Security Annual Attestation Statement for the 2021-2022 Financial Year for BOSSI

I, Narelle Underwood, am of the opinion that the Board of Surveying and Spatial Information (BOSSI) have managed cyber security risks in a manner consistent with the Mandatory Requirements set out in the NSW Government Cyber Security Policy.

BOSSI has a service level agreement with the Department of Customer Service (DCS) for the provision of ICT services. Risks to the information and systems of BOSSI have been assessed and are managed in accordance with DCS policies.

Further information on the DCS response to cyber security can be found in the DCS Annual Report.

Narelle Underwood
Surveyor-General of NSW
President, BOSSI

Exemptions

There were no exemptions pursuant to clause 17 of the *Annual Reports (Statutory Bodies) Regulation 2015* applicable to BOSSI during the reporting period.

Annual Report Production

The 2021/22 BOSSI Annual Report was produced within DCS and no external costs were incurred. A PDF version of the report is available at www.bossi.nsw.gov.au

7. Annual Report Compliance Checklist

Requirement		Statutory Bodies	Page number
Letter of Submission	ARSBA s9A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stating report submitted to Minister for presentation to Parliament Provisions under which report prepared If applicable, length of lateness in submitting report and reasons If no application for extension, reasons for lateness and lack of application To be signed by 2 members of statutory body or, if without members, by the CEO 	Page 2
Application for extension of time	ARSBA s13(5)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Where an extension of time has been granted, particulars of that extension 	N/A
Charter	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manner in which and purpose for which agency was established Principal legislation under which statutory body operates 	Page 6
Aims and objectives	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> What statutory body sets out to do Range of services provided Clientele/community served 	Page 7
Access	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Address of principal office/s Telephone number of principal office/s Business & service hours 	Page 1
Management and structure	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Names of members and their qualifications Method and term of appointment of board members Frequency of meetings and members' attendance at meetings Names, offices and qualifications of senior officers Organisation chart indicating functional responsibilities 	Page 9
Summary review of operations	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Narrative summary of significant operations Financial and other quantitative information for programs or operations 	Page 13
Funds granted to non-government community organisations	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name of recipient organisation Amount of grant Program area as per Budget paper Program as per Budget paper 	Page 47
Legal Change	ARSBR Sch.1; ARSBA s9(1)(f)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Changes in Acts and subordinate legislation Significant judicial decisions affecting agency or users of its services 	Page 44
Economic or other factors	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Affecting achievement of operational objectives 	Page 44

Management and activities	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe nature and range of activities • If practicable, qualitative and quantitative performance measures showing efficiency and effectiveness • Nature and extent of internal and external performance reviews conducted and resulting improvements in achievements • Benefits from mgt. and strategy reviews • Management improvement plans and achievements reaching previous targets • Major problems and issues which arose • Major works in progress, cost to date, dates of completion, significant cost overruns or delays / amendments / deferments / cancellations 	Page 9
Research and development	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Completed and continuing research and developmental activities including resources allocated • Unless will adversely affect business 	Page 46
Human resources	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of officers and employees by category & compared to prior three years • Exceptional movements in wages, salaries or allowances • Personnel policies & practices • Industrial relations policies & practices 	Page 44
Consultants	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For each engagement costing equal to or greater than \$50,000: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Name of consultant - Title of project (shown in a way that identifies the nature of the work) - Actual costs • For engagements costing less than \$50,000: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Total number of engagements - Total cost • Or a statement that no consultants used 	Page 46
Workforce Diversity	PSC Circular 2014-09 ARSBR Sch.1 ARSBR c18 TC 15/18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statutory bodies must report statistics for both the representation and distribution of employees in diversity groups, in the same format as the report provided to each agency by the Public Service Commission • • Additionally, statutory bodies must report on the workforce diversity achievements during the reporting year and the key workforce diversity strategies proposed for the following year • • Universities which are prescribed for the purposes of workforce diversity, under the Government Sector Employment Regulation 2014, are encouraged to continue to include workforce diversity information, in the same terms, in their annual reports • Small statutory bodies need only report on a triennial basis <p>For information on this requirement, please see https://arp.nsw.gov.au/assets/ars/eb555bc2_bc/PSCC-2014-09-Updated-Changes-toannual-reporting-for-senior-executives-andworkforce-diversity.pdf</p> <p>For queries please contact the Public Service Commission (PSC) on 9272 6000</p>	Page 45

Disability Inclusion Action Plans	DIA s12n and 13, ARSBR Sch.1 ARSBR c18 TC15-18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If the statutory body is required to have a disability inclusion action plan under the Disability Inclusion Act 2014, a statement setting out the progress during the reporting year in implementing that plan Small statutory body need only report on a triennial basis <p>See https://www.facs.nsw.gov.au/data/assets/file/0004/322366/NSW-DIAPGuidelines.PDF For queries please contact the Department of Family and Community Services directly (tel: 1800 782 306 or NSWDIP@facs.nsw.gov.au)</p>	Page 45
Land Disposal	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If value greater than \$5,000,000 & not sold by public auction or tender <ul style="list-style-type: none"> list of properties for each case, name of person who acquired the property and proceeds Details of family or business association between purchaser & person responsible for approving disposal Reasons for the disposal Purpose/s for which proceeds were used Statement that access to documents relating to the disposal can be obtained under the <i>Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009</i> 	Page 47
Promotion	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overseas visits by employees and officers with main purposes highlighted 	Page 47
Consumer Response	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extent and main features of complaints Services improved/changed in response to complaints/suggestions 	Page 16 & 46
Payment of Accounts	TC 11/21 ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Details of performance in paying accounts for each quarter, from due dates: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Current, 0-30, 30-60, 60-90 and 90+ \$ amounts Target %, actual % and \$ for on time Total dollar amount paid in quarter (Can use proper sampling techniques) <p>Details of accounts due or paid within each quarter – A schedule of the number and dollar amount of accounts / invoices due or paid within each quarter of the financial year as follows, separately disclosed for all suppliers and small business suppliers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Number of accounts due for payment Number of accounts paid on time Actual percentage of accounts paid on time (based on number of accounts) Dollar amount of accounts due for payment Dollar amount of accounts paid on time Actual percentage of accounts paid on time (based on dollar amount of accounts) Number of payments for interest on overdue accounts Interest paid on late accounts Commentary on problems affecting prompt processing of payments during the year and on initiatives implemented to improve payment performance 	Page 22
Time for Payment of Accounts	ARSBR Sch.1 TC 11/21	Where interest was paid due to late payments, list of instances and reasons for delay which caused late payment	N/A

Risk management and insurance activities	ARSBR Sch.1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report on the risk management and insurance arrangements and activities affecting the agency. 	Page 48
Internal audit and risk management policy attestation	TPP 20-08	<p>The governing board, or in the absence of a governing board, the Chief Executive Officer, must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> attest to compliance with the TPP's 'core requirements' in an attestation statement based on the relevant template at Annexure C of the TPP, and ensure that this Statement is published in the Department's Annual Report, adjacent to the requirement to disclose 'risk management and insurance activities' <p>The above requirement does not apply to SOCs</p>	Page 48
Disclosure of Controlled Entities	ARSBR Sch.1	<p>For each controlled entity:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Name, objectives, operations, activities Performance targets and actual performance measures 	Page 47
Disclosure of Subsidiaries	PM 06-02	<p>For each public sector subsidiary, the parent must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify each subsidiary in which shares are held, and the number and % of shares held; Include key figures for each subsidiary (turnover, profit, assets) and their proportion to group totals Include detailed statement of objectives, activities and operations of each subsidiary, performance targets and measures and accounts; and Include description of nature and extent of involvement in any other companies, joint ventures, partnerships, trusts or other such associations (whether or not incorporated) <p>The above requirement does not apply to SOCs</p>	Page 47
Multicultural Policies and Services Program	ARSBR Sch.1 ARSBR C18 TC15-18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Statement setting out the key multicultural strategies proposed for the following year Progress in implementing the statutory body's multicultural policies and service plan Information as to the multicultural policies and services plans of any bodies reporting to the agency Small statutory body's need only report on a triennial basis 	Page 46
Agreements with Multicultural NSW	ARSBR Sch.1	Description of any agreement entered into with Multicultural NSW under the <i>Multicultural NSW Act 2000</i> and statement setting out progress in implementing any agreement	N/A
Work Health and Safety (WHS)	ARSBR Sch.1 ARSBR C18 TC15-18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Statement setting out WHS performance Details of injuries and prosecutions under the <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i> Small statutory body's need only report on a triennial basis 	Page 46
Budgets	ARSBA s7(1)(a) (iii) ARSBR c7(1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Detailed budget for the year reported on, including details of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If this is the first budget approved Adjustments to first budget approved <p>Outline budget for following year</p>	Page 21

Financial Statements	ARSBA s7(1)(a)(i) - (ia)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inclusion of Financial Statements • Controlled Entities' Financial statements • Audit Opinion on Financial Statements • Response to significant issues raised by Auditor-General 	Page 23
Identification of audited financial statements	ARSBR C5	At start and finish	Page 26 & 43
Inclusion of unaudited financial statements	ARSBR C6	Unaudited financial information to be distinguished by note or otherwise	N/A
Additional matters for inclusion in annual reports	ARSBR C8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement of the action taken by the body in complying with the requirements of the <i>Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998</i> (PPIPA) and statistical details of any review conducted by or on behalf of the body under Part 5 of the PPIPA. Does not apply to SOCs. 	Page 47
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After balance date events having a significant effect in succeeding year on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Financial operations - Other operations - Clientele/community served 	N/A
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Total external costs (such as fees for consultants and printing costs) incurred in the production of the report. • The website at which the report may be accessed (or the statutory body's website) 	N/A Page 2
Investment performance	ARSBR c10; TC 17/02	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In the form of a comparison with a choice of Treasury Corporation investment facilities • Choice of comparison based on nature and term of underlying liability • Stated in terms of annual compound percentage rate of return 	Page 21
Liability management performance	ARSBR c11; TC 17/02	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only if debt is greater than \$20m • In the form of a comparison, details of agency's liability portfolio performance versus benchmark • Benchmark is notional portfolio constructed as risk neutral per Treasurer 	N/A
Exemptions	ARSBR c17(4) ARSBR C18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If applicable, section "Exemptions from the Reporting Provisions" including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Details of exemptions - Reasons for exemptions • Small statutory bodies need report on a triennial basis only in relation to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - workforce diversity - disability inclusion action plans - multicultural policies and services program - work health and safety • triennial reporting of particulars in the report of the operations of a statutory body must relate not only to the reporting year for which the report is prepared (and the succeeding reporting year, if required by Schedule 1) but also to those of the 2 preceding reporting years in relation to which those particulars have not yet been reported in an annual report of the statutory body 	Page 49

Numbers and remuneration of senior executives	ARSBR c12 PSC Circular 2014-09 SOORT determination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of senior executives employed at the end of the reporting year broken down by band and then gender within each band, compared with the numbers at the end of the previous reporting year • Average total remuneration package of senior executives in each band at the end of the reporting year, compared with the average at the end of the previous reporting year • The percentage of total employee-related expenditure in the reporting year that relates to senior executives, compared with the percentage at the end of the previous reporting year • The four senior executive bands that applied for financial years ending after 01 July 2020 are published in the Statutory and Other Officers Remuneration Tribunal (SOORT) 2020 Annual Determination – SOORT - Public Service Senior Executive dated 7 September 2020. Agencies must base their senior executive disclosures on those bands, which are set out in Treasury's Annual Report Frequently Asked Questions at www.treasury.nsw.gov.au 	N/A
Implementation of Price Determination	IPARTAS18(4)	<p>If agency subject to determination or recommendation of Tribunal then:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Statement that it was implemented and details of implementation; or • Reasons for not being implemented. 	N/A
Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009	GIPAA s125(4), (6) GIPAAR c8, Sch 2; c13, Sch 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Details of the agency's review under s7(3) of the Act during the year and details of any information made publicly available as a result of the review • Total number of access applications received during the year (including withdrawn applications but not including invalid applications) • Total number of access applications received that agency refused, either wholly or in part, because the application was for disclosure of information for which there is conclusive presumption of overriding public interest against disclosure • Statistical information as described in Sch 2 • Each agency referred to in Sch 3 of the Regulation (subsidiary agency) is declared to be part of and included in the parent agency specified in Sch 3. 	Page 47
Cyber Security Policy (CSP) Attestation	DCS 2021-02	<p>https://www.digital.nsw.gov.au/policy/cyber-security-policy</p> <p>Governing boards of statutory bodies must include an annual report attestation statement addressing the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the Agency has assessed its cyber security risks, • cyber security is appropriately addressed at Agency governance forums, • the Agency has a cyber incident response plan, it is integrated with the security components of business continuity arrangements, and has been tested over the previous 12 months (involving senior business executives), • confirmation of the Agency's Information Security Management System (ISMS), Cyber Security Management Framework/s and/or Cyber Security Framework including certifications or independent assessment where available, and • what the agency is doing to continuously improve the management of cyber security governance and resilience <p>See page 14 of the CSP for suggested wording.</p> <p>For queries please contact Cyber Security NSW at the Department of Customer Service - cybersecuritypolicy@customerservice.nsw.gov.au or telephone the Department of Customer Service on 13 77 88.</p>	Page 49

Public Interest Disclosures (PID)	PIDA s31, PIDR c4,	<p>Separately report on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PIDs made by public officials in performing their day to day functions as public officials • PIDs not covered above that are made under a statutory or other legal obligation • All other PIDs <p>For each PID, a public authority should disclose the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Number of public officials who have made a PID to the public authority • Number of PIDs received by the public authority in total and the number of PIDs received by the public authority relating to each of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ corrupt conduct ○ maladministration. ○ serious and substantial waste of public or local government money ○ government information contraventions ○ local government pecuniary interest contraventions • Number of PIDs finalised • Whether the public authority has a PID policy in place • Actions taken to ensure staff awareness responsibilities under s6E(1)(b) of the PIDA have been met. 	Page 47
Requirements arising from employment arrangements	TC 15/07 ARSBA s15(1)	Additional requirements, where statutory body receives personnel services from a Department or special purpose service entity -- refer section 4 of TC15-07	Page 44
Form of annual reports – generally	ARSBA c14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Material information reported • Logical sequence • Appropriate layout • Clear readable text • Appropriate captions for charts, diagrams, or photos • Index and table of contents to assist identifying reporting requirements 	Yes
Submission of annual report to appropriate Minister	ARSBA s10 PM2013-09	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not later than four months after year end • Appropriate Ministers can decide whether their statutory bodies submit annual reports to that Minister in printed or electronic form. 	Yes
Submission of annual report to the Treasurer	ARSBA s10 PM2013-09	Submit an electronic copy of annual report to the Treasurer (office@treasurer.nsw.gov.au) at the same time it is submitted to the appropriate Minister	Yes
Presentation of annual report to Parliament	ARSBA s11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The appropriate Minister must present a printed copy of a statutory body's annual report to each House of Parliament. To permit that Minister to meet this requirement, each statutory body must submit two printed copies of its annual report to that Minister. • The appropriate Minister must present that report within one month of receipt • If late, statement by Minister 	Yes
Annual report size – presentation to Parliament	ARSBA c15(1)	Size – ISO A4	Yes

Printing and distribution requirements	PC 00-68; PM 00-15 PM 2013-09	<p>All production costs must be kept to a minimum by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Limiting content to recording performance and meeting statutory obligations • Printing hard copies in house in black and white • Not including unnecessary pictures and illustrations • Eliminating external production costs <p>Electronic copies of annual reports are to be sent to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State Records (upload to OpenGov NSW) • National Library of Australia • UWS Library • State Library • Parliamentary Library 	Yes
Submission of annual report to the Treasurer	ARSBA s10 PM201 3-09	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Submit an electronic copy of annual report to the Treasurer (office@treasurer.nsw.gov.au) at the same time it is submitted to the appropriate Minister 	Yes
Presentation of annual report to Parliament	ARSBA s11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The appropriate Minister must present a printed copy of a statutory body's annual report to each House of Parliament. To permit that Minister to meet this requirement, each statutory body must submit two printed copies of its annual report to that Minister. • The appropriate Minister must present that report within one month of receipt • If late, statement by Minister 	Yes
Public availability of annual reports	ARSBA s12; ARSBA c16 TC15-19 PM 2013-09	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A copy of the annual report must be made publicly available on the statutory body's website (or other relevant website) as soon as practicable after the hard copy report is presented to Parliament • A copy of the annual report must also be made available to Parliament in electronic form as soon as practicable after the hard copy report is presented to Parliament • Available to others if required by the Treasurer 	Yes

Board of Surveying and Spatial Information

Contact: BOSSI Registrar

Email: BOSSI@customerservice.nsw.gov.au